

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL INFORMATION

The City of Norfolk was established as a town in 1682, as a borough in 1736 and incorporated as a city in 1845. The City is the economic, business, educational and cultural center of southeastern Virginia. The City lies at the mouth of the James and Elizabeth Rivers and the Chesapeake Bay, and is adjacent to the Atlantic Ocean and the cities of Virginia Beach, Portsmouth and Chesapeake.

AREA OF CITY

YEAR	SQUARE MILES
1930	37.19
1940	37.19
1950	37.19
1960	61.85
1970	61.85
1980	65.75
1990	65.98
2000	65.98

CITY GOVERNMENT

Norfolk is an independent, full-service city with sole local government taxing power within its boundaries. It derives its governing authority from a charter (the "Charter"), originally adopted by the General Assembly of Virginia in 1918, which authorizes a council-manager form of government. The members are elected to office under a ward-based system, with two members elected from City-wide super wards. The City Council elects a Mayor and a Vice-Mayor from among its members. Beginning July 1, 2006, as a result of a charter change approved by the Virginia General Assembly, Norfolk swore in the first mayor elected at large. Among the City officials appointed by the City Council are the City Manager, who serves as the administrative head of the municipal government. The City Manager carries out the City's policies, directs business procedures and appoints, with the power to remove, the heads of departments and other employees of the City except those otherwise specifically covered by statutory provisions. The City Council also appoints certain boards, commissions and authorities of the City.

ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC FACTORS

POPULATION

As reflected in the Table V-1, based on the 2000 Census, the population of the City has declined since 1970; a fact which can be attributed in part to the clearance and redevelopment of blighted areas and to a reduction in the birth rate. Norfolk is the second most populous city in Virginia, as shown in Table V-2.

TABLE V-1
POPULATION TREND COMPARISON
1960 - 2000

Year	Norfolk	Hampton Roads MSA (1)	Virginia	U.S.
1960	305,872	881,600	3,954,429	179,323,175
1970	307,951	1,058,764 (2)	4,468,479	203,211,926
1980	266,979	1,160,311 (2)	5,346,279	226,504,825
1990	261,250	1,430,974	6,189,197	249,632,692
2000	234,403 (3)	1,569,541	7,078,515	281,421,906

Sources: Various Reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Notes:

(1) Until March 1993, the Hampton Roads MSA consisted of the Virginia localities of Norfolk, Chesapeake, Hampton, Newport News, Poquoson, Portsmouth, Suffolk, Virginia Beach, Williamsburg, Gloucester County, James City County, and York County. In March 1993, Mathews County and Isle of Wight County, Virginia and Currituck County, North Carolina were added to the Hampton Roads MSA.

(2) Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service, University of Virginia, is the source for the 1970 and the 1980 MSA Population.

(3) The most recent Weldon Cooper Center population estimate for Norfolk for 2006 is 236,092.

TABLE V-2
FIVE MOST POPULOUS CITIES IN VIRGINIA

City	2000 Census Population
Virginia Beach	425,257
Norfolk	234,403
Chesapeake	199,184
Richmond	197,790
Newport News	180,150

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

AGE

The age distribution of the City's population is presented in Table V-3.

TABLE V-3
CITY OF NORFOLK, VIRGINIA
CITY POPULATION DISTRIBUTION BY AGE
1960 - 2000

Year	Population	Under 20	20 – 64	65 or Older
1960	305,872	39.8%	54.5%	5.7%
1970	307,951	35.4	57.8	6.8
1980	266,979	30.7	60.1	9.2
1990	261,250	28.1	61.4	10.5
2000	234,403	28.6	60.5	10.8

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

INCOME

Table V-4 provides an annual comparison of per capita personal income since 1991.

TABLE V-4
CITY OF NORFOLK, VIRGINIA
PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME COMPARISONS
1996 - 2005

Year	City	Hampton Roads MSA	State	U.S.
1996	19,401	21,876	25,034	24,175
1997	20,361	22,838	26,307	25,334
1998	21,406	24,026	27,780	26,883
1999	22,131	24,912	29,226	27,939
2000	23,547	26,364	31,085	29,845
2001	24,885	27,789	32,501	30,562
2002	25,597	28,828	33,014	30,795
2003	27,088	30,129	33,976	31,466
2004	28,684	31,587	35,698	33,090
2005	30,528	33,163	37,503	34,471

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Economic Information System

HOUSING AND CONSTRUCTION AVAILABILITY

Table V-5 provides an annual breakdown of residential building permits since 1993.

TABLE V-5
CITY OF NORFOLK, VIRGINIA
RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION
1994 - 2006

Residential Construction			
Calendar Year	Building Permits	Number of Units	Value (in thousands dollars)
1994	238	278	23,709
1995	181	386	19,834
1996	192	214	16,142
1997	181	187	14,999
1998	178	329	27,187
1999	188	229	28,282
2000	175	301	30,707
2001	231	403	41,884
2002	294	561	52,164
2003	412	584	61,150
2004	533	770	149,403
2005	593	1,273	166,271
2006	398	762	97,727

Source: City of Norfolk Department of Planning and Community Development. Compiled by City of Norfolk Office of Budget and Management.

UNEMPLOYMENT

The unemployment rate for the City is illustrated in Table V-6.

**TABLE V-6
CITY OF NORFOLK, VIRGINIA
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES, % (1) (2)
1996 - 2006**

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Norfolk	6.7	6.4	5.2	5.0	3.3	4.3	5.5	5.7	5.5	5.4	4.1
Hampton Roads MSA	4.8	4.5	3.4	3.2	2.5	3.3	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.0	3.3
Commonwealth of Virginia	4.3	3.7	2.8	2.7	2.3	3.2	4.2	4.1	3.7	3.5	3.0
United States	5.4	4.9	4.5	4.2	4.0	4.7	5.8	6.0	5.5	5.1	4.6

Sources: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics: Labor Force Statistics from the Current Population Survey and Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) series

Notes: (1) Not seasonally adjusted

(2) Figures for 1994 – 2006 represent annual numbers

EMPLOYERS

A variety of industrial, commercial and service employers are located within the City. Table V-7 presents data regarding the principal businesses in the City.

TABLE V-7
CITY OF NORFOLK, VIRGINIA
PRINCIPAL NON-GOVERNMENT EMPLOYERS IN 2006

Company	Number of Employees	Product/Service
	10,000+	
Sentara Healthcare		Health Care
	2,500 – 9,999	
Bank of America		Banking
FHC Health Systems/Value Options Inc		Mental Health Mgmt
Ford Motor Company		Truck Manufacturing
	1,500 – 2,499	
BAE Systems Norfolk (Norshipco)		Ship Building/Repair
Landmark Communications		Newspaper and Media
Children's Hospital of the King's Daughter		Health Care Facilities
Eastern Virginia Medical School		Education
General Foam Plastics Corp.		Manufacturing
Dominion Virginia Power		Electric Utility
	1,000 – 1,499	
USAA		Insurance Support Center
Verizon Communications		Telecommunications
	500 – 999	
Wachovia Corporation		Banking
Dominion Enterprises		Publishing
Norfolk Southern Corporation		Railroads
Bernard C. Harris Publishing		Publishing
BB & T		Banking
Marine Hydraulics International		Ship Building & Repair
Electronic Data Systems Corporation		System Analysis & Design
YMCA of South Hampton Roads		Social Service & Welfare
Workflow Solutions LLC		Commercial Printing & Design
Portfolio Recovery Associates		Financial Recovery
Capital Group (American Funds Group)		Mutual Funds
Sun Trust Financial Corporation		Banking
CMA-CGM		Shipping

TABLE V-7
CITY OF NORFOLK, VIRGINIA
PRINCIPAL NON-GOVERNMENT EMPLOYERS IN 2006

Company	Number of Employees	Product/Service
SPEEDE Shipyard–Metro Machine Corp		Ship Building & Repair
Unidyne LLC		Contract Consultants
Virginia Natural Gas Company		Gas Utility

Sources: Hampton Roads Economic Development Alliance

Note: List does not include retail employers

STUDENT POPULATION

Norfolk Public Schools student population is shown in Table V-8.

TABLE V-8
CITY OF NORFOLK, VIRGINIA
PUBLIC SCHOOLS
STUDENT POPULATION
(END OF YEAR REPORT)
1999 - 2008

School Year	Average Daily Membership	Percent Change
1998-1999	35,709	
1999-2000	35,326	(1.1)
2000-2001	35,000	(0.9)
2001-2002	34,408	(1.7)
2002-2003	34,089	(0.9)
2003-2004	34,030	(0.2)
2004-2005	33,708	(0.9)
2005-2006	33,262	(1.3)
2006-2007	32,962	(0.9)
2007-2008 (1)	32,464	(1.5)

Source: Norfolk Public Schools

Notes: (1) Projected